## S. 2447

To require the Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the heads of other agencies, to conduct a feasibility and cost-benefit study of options for the design, development, implementation, and operation of a national database to track participation in Federal means-tested public assistance programs.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

September 8 (legislative day, August 31), 1998

Mr. Lugar introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Governmental Affairs

## A BILL

To require the Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the heads of other agencies, to conduct a feasibility and cost-benefit study of options for the design, development, implementation, and operation of a national database to track participation in Federal means-tested public assistance programs.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. FINDINGS.
- 4 Congress finds that—
- 5 (1) during 1997, the Federal Government spent
- 6 over \$21,000,000,000 to deliver food stamp benefits

| 1  | under the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2011     |
|----|---|
| 2  | et seq.) to over 23,000,000 individuals;            |
| 3  | (2) a portion of the funds spent on food stamp      |
| 4  | benefits annually is misspent through overpayments  |
| 5  | and fraud, which undermines the integrity and con-  |
| 6  | fidence in the food stamp program;                  |
| 7  | (3) the Comptroller General of the United           |
| 8  | States has found that—                              |
| 9  | (A) as many as 20,000 individuals were re-          |
| 10 | ceiving food stamp benefits in at least 2 to 4      |
| 11 | States at the same time during 1996;                |
| 12 | (B) due to this duplication, overpayments           |
| 13 | to the households in those States during 1996       |
| 14 | totaled approximately \$3,900,000; and              |
| 15 | (C) there was a similar duplication of pay-         |
| 16 | ments in other Federal means-tested public as-      |
| 17 | sistance programs, such as the temporary as-        |
| 18 | sistance to needy families (TANF) program           |
| 19 | funded under part A of title IV of the Social       |
| 20 | Security Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.);               |
| 21 | (4) certain States currently have cooperative       |
| 22 | agreements under which matches of recipients of     |
| 23 | means-tested public assistance programs are tracked |
| 24 | and coordinated with neighboring States, but there  |

- is no comprehensive national database or informa tion system to track participation across State lines;
  - (5) the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–193) created a number of requirements to track means-tested assistance throughout the United States, including time-limited receipt of assistance under the food stamp program and the temporary assistance to needy families (TANF) program;
    - (6) a centralized database would be the most effective tool to prevent receipt of means-tested assistance in multiple jurisdictions and would avoid duplicated effort on the part of States;
    - (7) according to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, improved mechanisms to provide accurate information to employees who determine eligibility for means-tested assistance would help prevent overpayments and improve service to clients; and
    - (8) data sharing at the time of application for means-tested assistance could change enforcement efforts from a pay-and-chase method to a method that would be more proactive and efficient.

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| 1  | SEC. 2. STUDY ON NATIONAL DATABASE FOR FEDERAL               |
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| 2  | MEANS-TESTED PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PRO-                          |
| 3  | GRAMS.   |
| 4  | (a) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture, in             |
| 5  | consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human          |
| 6  | Services, the Secretary of Labor, the Commissioner of So-    |
| 7  | cial Security, and the Secretary of the Treasury, shall con- |
| 8  | duct a feasibility and cost-benefit study of options for the |
| 9  | design, development, implementation, and operation of a      |
| 10 | national database to track participation in Federal means-   |
| 11 | tested public assistance programs.                           |
| 12 | (b) Administration.—In conducting the study, the             |
| 13 | Secretary of Agriculture shall—                              |
| 14 | (1) study an option under which information in               |
| 15 | the national database is collected and made available        |
| 16 | in real-time; and  |
| 17 | (2) provide safeguards to protect against the                |
| 18 | unauthorized use or disclosure of information in the         |
| 19 | national database.   |
| 20 | (c) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date           |
| 21 | of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall |
| 22 | submit to Congress a report on the results of the study      |
| 23 | conducted under this section                                 |

- 1 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 2 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section

3 \$250,000.

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